FY 2017 HUD INCOME LIMITS BRIEFING MATERIAL

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Policy Development & Research

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Overview of HUD Section 8 Income Limits¹

The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is required by law to set income limits that determine the eligibility of applicants for HUD's assisted housing programs. The major active assisted housing programs are the Public Housing program, the project-based Section 8 program, the Section 8 Housing Choice and Project-Based Voucher programs, Section 202 housing for the elderly program, and Section 811 housing for persons with disabilities program.

HUD Section 8 Income Limits begin with the production of Median Family Income estimates. HUD uses the Section 8 program's Fair Market Rent (FMR) area definitions in developing median family income estimates (MFIs), which means that income estimates are developed for each metropolitan area, parts of some metropolitan areas, and each non-metropolitan county. The final fiscal year (FY) 2017 FMR areas continue to incorporate the February 28, 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) metropolitan area definitions which are largely included in the 2014 American Community Survey (ACS). HUD Section 8 Income Limits are calculated for every FMR area with adjustments for family size and for areas with unusually high or low family income or housing-cost-to-income relationships.

The statutory basis for HUD's income limit policies is Section 3 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937, as amended.² Attachment 1 provides the key excerpts relevant to income limits, which may be summarized as follows:

Low-income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median family income for the area.

Very low-income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area.



¹ Also known as HUD Public Housing/Section 8 Income Limits

² 42 U.S.C. 1437b

The FY 2014 Continuing Appropriations Act defines Extremely Low-Income Families as very low-income families whose incomes do not exceed the greater of 30 percent of the median family income for the area or the federal poverty guidelines as published by the Department of Health and Human Services. The Extremely Low Income Limits based on poverty guidelines are capped by the Very Low-Income Limit.

Income limits for non-metropolitan areas may not be less than limits based on the State nonmetropolitan median family income level.

The Secretary of Agriculture is to be consulted prior to establishing income limits for rural areas, since these limits also apply to certain Rural Housing and Community Development Service programs.



FY 2017 Median Family Income Estimates

Overview

The FY 2017 MFI estimates use the 2010-2014 5-year ACS and Puerto Rico Community Survey (PRCS) data, augmented by the 2014 1-year ACS and PRCS data. The 2014 data are inflated using a Consumer Price Index (CPI) forecast from the Congressional Budget Office (CBO) through the midpoint of FY 2017. The FY 2017 MFI estimates maintain the updated area definitions released by OMB in 2013, as well as maintain the separate estimates for American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the Virgin Islands, with separate data for St. Johns, VI.

ACS Data and its Use in the Production of Median Family Incomes

As mentioned above, the FY 2017 MFIs incorporate the 2010-2014 5-year ACS data into the calculation process. Specifically, for each metropolitan area, subarea of a metropolitan area, and non-metropolitan county, HUD uses 5-year ACS data as the new basis for calculating MFI estimates. In areas with a valid 1-year ACS survey median family income result, HUD incorporates this data as well to take advantage of more recent survey information. By using both the 5-year data and the 1-year data, where available, HUD establishes a new basis for median family income estimates while also capturing the most recent information available.

Margin of Error

HUD begins by setting the base median family income equal to the 2010-2014 5-year ACS survey value. For areas with a valid 2014 1-year survey result, HUD uses the margin of error for the 1-year data to ensure that the 1-year MFI are statistically reliable. Where the 1-year data are statistically reliable (i.e., where the margin of error is less than half of the estimate itself), HUD uses the 1-year survey result as the base value for median family income. In the few cases where the statistical confidence interval for the 5-year ACS estimate of median family income includes zero, HUD assigns the state nonmetropolitan median. For more information, please see the section below – Median Family Income Estimate Calculations.

CPI Inflation and Trend Factor

HUD uses a CPI forecast from CBO to inflate the 2014 ACS data to the mid-point of FY 2017. The CBO projection of fiscal year CPI, published in January 2017 is used to inflate the 2014 data.

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Median Family Income Estimate Calculations

Median family³ incomes start with the development of estimates of median family income for the metropolitan areas and non-metropolitan FMR/income limit areas (including U.S. territories). Attachment 2 provides a detailed explanation of how median family income estimates are calculated. The major steps are as follows:

HUD uses 2010-2014 5-year ACS estimates of median family income calculated as the basis for FY 2017 median family incomes for all areas designated as Fair Market Rent areas. In areas where there is also a valid 2014 1-year ACS estimate of median family income, HUD replaces the 5-year data with the 1-year data. A valid 1-year 2014 ACS estimate is one where the margin of error of the estimate is less than one-half of the estimate.

All places:

All estimates (using either 5-year data or 5-year data augmented with 1-year data) are then trended from 2014 to April 2017.

For the non-Puerto Rico Insular Areas of the United States,⁴ which currently lack ACS (or PRCS) coverage, 2010 Decennial Census data were used for the first time in the FY 2016 medians and income limits. This continues to be the basis of the FY 2017 medians and income limits. National ACS income changes are used to update 2010 Decennial Census data to 2014 and then the same CPI forecast trend factor is applied to bring the data forward to the midpoint of FY 2017.

⁴ The areas without ACS coverage are the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Marianas Islands. Puerto Rico is covered by the ACS-equivalent Puerto Rico Community Survey.



³ Family refers to the Census definition of a family, which is a householder with one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The definition of family excludes one-person households and multi-person households of unrelated individuals.

FY 2017 INCOME LIMITS

Overview

HUD's Section 8 very low-income and low-income limits are calculated in accordance with Section 3(b)(2) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937, as amended. The very low-income limits (usually based on 50 percent of MFI) are the basis of all other income limits, as they are the best-defined income limits and have been the subject of specific, limited legislative adjustments subsequent to reviews of the HUD calculation methodology. In addition, a number of other income limit calculations are tied by legislation or regulation to their calculation.

There are currently several legislated income limit standards (e.g., 30%, extremely lowincome limits, 50%, 60%, 65%, 80%, 95%, 100%, 115%, 125%) that were intended to have progressive relationships. To ensure that this occurs, the very low-income limits have been used as the basis for deriving other income limits unless that relevant statutory language has no references or relationship to low- and very low-income limits as defined by the U.S. Housing Act of 1937. If this were not done, for instance, HUD low-income limits would be less than very low-income limits in areas where very low-income limits had been adjusted upward by more than 60 percent because of unusually low area median family incomes relative to the Section 8 Fair Market Rents (FMRs).

Very Low-Income Limits

Very low-income limits are calculated using a set of formulae as follows. The first step is to calculate a four-person income limit equal to 50 percent of the estimated area median family income. Adjustments are then made if this estimate is outside formula constraints.

More specifically, the very low-income limit for a four-person family is calculated as follows:

(1) 50 percent of the area median family income is calculated and set as the preliminary four-person family income limit;

(2) the four-person very low-income limit is increased if it would otherwise be less than the amount at which 35 percent of it equals 85 percent of the annualized two-bedroom Section 8 FMR (or 40th percentile rent in 50th percentile FMR areas). This adjusts income limits upward for areas where rental housing costs are unusually high in relation to the median income;

(3) the four-person very low-income limit is reduced to the greater of 80 percent of the U.S. median family income level, or the amount at which 30 percent of a four-person family's income equals 100 percent of the two-bedroom FMR (or 40th percentile rent in 50th percentile FMR areas). This adjusts income limits downward for areas of unusually high median family incomes;



(4) the four-person income limit is increased if it is less than 50 percent of the relevant state non-metropolitan median family income level,⁵ and;

(5) the four-person income limit is increased if it is less than 95 percent of last year's very low income limit and reduced to the greater of 105 percent of last year's very low income limit or twice the change in the national median family income estimate if that amount would be larger than 5 percent. Between FY 2016 and FY 2017, the estimate of national median family income increased and the change in income limits is capped at 107 percent of last year's very low-income limit.

Beginning with the FY 2013 Income Limits, and continuing with these FY 2017 Income Limits, HUD uses 40th percentile rents instead of FMRs that include 50th percentile areas, to calculate high housing cost areas. This is to create a uniform national standard for the relationship between the rent and income distributions in defining the high- and low-housing cost adjustments, and to prevent fluctuations in Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Difficult Development Area (DDA) determinations that result solely from high housing cost income limit fluctuations as areas go in and out of the 50th percentile FMR program.

⁵ A Housing and Community Development Act of 1987 amendment directed that non-metropolitan area income limits should never be set at less than if they were based on the State non-metropolitan median family income level. In implementing this provision, HUD used its discretion to apply this policy to metropolitan areas to avoid inequities that would otherwise result. Doing so avoids the anomaly of assigning higher income limits to a non-metropolitan county than are assigned to an adjacent metropolitan area where the median family income is less than the State non-metro level but above the level for the non-metro county.

Table 1 summarizes the rules governing very low-income limit determinations:

	Type Income Limit Calculation	Non-metro Counties	Metropolitan Areas
1.	Limits based on 50% of local median family income	641	367
2.	Limits based on State non-metropolitan median family income level	1086	92
3.	Limits increased to the amount at which 35% of 4-person family's income equals 85% of the 2-bedroom 40 th percentile rent	11	18
4.	Limits decreased to the greater of 80% of the U.S. median family income or the amount at which 30% of a 4-person family's income equals 100% of the 2- bedroom 40 th percentile rent	1	4
5.	Limits floored if they would be less than 95% of last year's limit	54	35
6.	Limits capped if they would otherwise increase by more than twice the increase in the National Median Income (i.e., would be more than 107% of last year's limit)	181	109
7.	TOTALS	1974	625

Table 1Summary of Income Limits Determinations forFY 2017 Very Low-income Limits

Low-Income Limits

Most four-person low-income limits are the higher of: (a) 80 percent of the area median family income, or (b) 80 percent of the State non-metropolitan median family income level. Because the very low-income limits are not always based on 50 percent of median, strictly calculating low-income limits as 80 percent of median could produce anomalies inconsistent with statutory intent (e.g., very low-income limits could be higher than low-income limits). The calculation normally used, therefore, is to set the four-person low-income limit at 1.6 (i.e., 80%/50%) times the relevant four-person very low-income limit. The only exceptions are that the resulting income limit may not exceed the U.S. median family income level (\$68,000 for FY 2017) except when justified by high housing costs; further, that income limit



changes are now restricted to 5 percent in either direction, or an increase of twice the national change if that change is larger than 5 percent. Use of very low-income limits as a starting point for calculating other income limits tied to Section (3)(b)(2) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 has the effect of adjusting low-income limits in areas where the very low-income limits have been adjusted because of unusually high or low housing-cost-to-income relationships.

Table 2 summarizes the rules governing low-income limit determinations and how many areas are affected by each provision:

	Type Income Limit Calculation	Non-metro	Metropolitan
		Counties	Areas
1.	Limits based proportional increases from very low-income		
	limits (i.e., set at 80/50ths of the very low-income limits)		
		623	331
2.	Limits based on State nonmetropolitan median family		
	income level	1087	87
3.	Four-person base low-income limit capped at the U.S.		
	median of \$68,000	17	42
4.	Limits increased for high housing costs		
		13	22
5.	Limits floored if they would otherwise be less than 95% of		
	last year's low income limit	55	36
	Limits capped if they would otherwise increase by more		
6.	than twice the increase in the National Median Income	180	106
	(i.e., would be more than 107% of last year's limit)	100	100
	Totals	1975	624

Table 2Summary of Income Limits Determinations
for FY 2017 Low-income Limits

HUD has adjusted low-income limits for areas of unusually high or low income since passage of the 1974 legislation that established the basic income limit system now used. Underlying the decision to set minimum and maximum low-income limits is the assumption that families in unusually poor areas should be defined as low-income if they are unable to afford standard quality housing even if their incomes exceed 80 percent of the local median family income. Similarly, families in unusually affluent areas are not considered low-income even if their income is less than 80 percent of the local median family income level unless justified by area housing costs.

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Beginning with the FY 2013 Income Limits, HUD uses 40th percentile rents instead of FMRs that include 50th percentile areas to calculate high housing cost areas and continues that practice for the FY 2017 Income Limits. This is to create a uniform national standard for the relationship between the rent and income distributions in defining the high- and low-housing cost adjustments, and to prevent fluctuations in Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Difficult Development Area (DDA) determinations that result solely from high housing cost income limit fluctuations as areas go in and out of the 50th percentile FMR program.

Extremely Low-Income Limits

The Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 established a new income limit standard based on 30 percent of median family income (the extremely low-income limits), which was to be adjusted for family size and for areas of unusually high or low family income. A statutory change was made in 1999 to clarify that these income limits should be tied to the Section 8 very low-income limits. The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 further modified and redefined these limits as Extremely Low Family income limits to ensure that these income limits would not fall below the poverty guidelines determined for each family size. Specifically, extremely low-income families are defined to be very low-income families whose incomes are the greater of the Poverty Guidelines as published and periodically updated by the Department of Health and Human Services or the 30 percent income limits calculated by HUD. Puerto Rico and other territories are specifically excluded from this adjustment. There are separate poverty guidelines for Alaska and Hawaii. The remaining 48 states and the District of Columbia use the same poverty guidelines. The extremely low income limits therefore are first calculated as 30/50ths (60 percent) of the Section 8 very low-income limits. They are then compared to the appropriate poverty guideline and if the poverty guideline is higher, that value is chosen. If the poverty guideline is above the very low-income limit at that family size, the extremely lowincome limit is set at the very low-income limit because the definition of extremely low-income limits caps them at the very low-income levels.

Family Size Adjustments

The income limit statute requires adjustments for family size. The legislative history and conference committee report indicates that the Congress intended that income limits should be higher for larger families and lower for smaller families. The same family size adjustments are used for all income limits. They are as follows:

Number of Persons in Family and Percentage Adjustments							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
70%	80%	90%	Base	108%	116%	124%	132%

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Income limits for families with more than eight persons are not included in the printed lists because of space limitations. For each person in excess of eight, the four-person income limit should be multiplied by an additional 8 percent. (For example, the nine-person limit equals 140 percent [132 + 8] of the relevant four-person income limit.) Income limits are rounded up to the nearest \$50. Local agencies may round income limits for nine or more persons to the nearest \$50, or may use the un-rounded numbers. Family size-adjusted income limits are not re-tested for compliance with the 5-percent rule, as discussed below. Rounding anomalies produce some family size-adjusted income limits whose annual change is slightly larger or smaller than 5 percent.

Due to the extremely low-income definition changes, these family size adjustments are no longer sufficient to determine the level of extremely low-income limits. The poverty guidelines have fixed dollar amount adjustments between household sizes (different for Alaska and Hawaii than the rest of the U.S.). Therefore, the actual amounts shown for 1- to 8-person families will not necessarily follow the percentages shown above. For families with more than 8 persons, HUD has developed a tool that should be used to calculate the extremely low-income limit for that area at <u>http://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/il/il17/index.html</u>. Please use the FY 2017 Income Limits Documentation system, pick the area in question, and select "Click Here" under the label "Extremely Low-Income Limits." Near the bottom of the explanations, there is a drop down box to select the number of household members needed (from 9 to 20).

5-Percent Rule

As outlined earlier in these briefing materials, in response to comments received about HUD's intention to eliminate the traditional hold-harmless provision for HUD Section 8 Income Limits received prior to the publication of FY2010 Income Limits, HUD is maintaining the constraint on the size of changes income limits can make in any one year. Specifically, the low-income and very low-income four-person limits will not be allowed to decrease more than 5 percent or increase more than 5 percent or twice the national increase in median family income, whichever of those is larger. For the FY 2017 income limits, twice the National Median Income is seven percent, so this greater value is used as a cap instead of five percent. The 5-percent rule does not apply to the extremely low-income limits where these are set according to the poverty threshold.

This policy was implemented in the following way:

The four-person very-low income limit is computed as half of the local median family income. Median family incomes are rounded to 100 so, by definition, the raw four-person income limit is rounded to 50.

The cap for the four-person very low-income limit is last year's four-person very low-income limit multiplied by 1.07 and rounded down to the nearest \$50 or twice the change in the national median family income, also rounded down, whichever is larger. The cap is rounded down to ensure that it is less than or equal to 107 percent of last year's four-person very low-income limit.



The floor for the four-person very low-income limit is last year's four-person very low-income limit multiplied by .95 and rounded up to the nearest \$50. The floor is rounded up to ensure that it is greater than or equal to 95 percent of last year's four-person very low-income limit.

If the otherwise adjusted four-person very low-income limit is above the cap, then it is set at the cap. If it is below the floor, then it is set at the floor.

Family size adjustments are made to the floored/capped four-person very low-income limit. No additional adjustments are made to families of more or less than four persons for the very low-income limit except that it is then rounded up to the nearest \$50.

The cap and floor are applied in an analogous way to the four-person low-income limit.

No additional capping or flooring is done to any income limit based on either the very lowincome limit or the low-income limit.

Family size adjusted limits may be slightly larger or smaller than the cap or floor imposed on the four-person low- and very low-income limits due to rounding.



Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008

Prior to FY 2010, HUD held Section 8 Income Limits harmless primarily so that Multifamily Tax Subsidy Housing Projects⁶ would not be subject to reductions in income limits and maximum rents. Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) and tax exempt bond-financed housing project income limits and rents are tied by statute to HUD's area median income estimates, and by regulation to HUD's Section 8 Income Limits.

Section 3009 of the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008 (HERA) provides for holding harmless "area median gross income" for tax credit and tax-exempt bond-financed housing projects with additional inflation provisions for LIHTC and tax-exempt bond-financed projects held harmless by HUD in 2007 and 2008. Because the new law provides a statutory mechanism for achieving the effect of the income limit hold-harmless policy HUD no longer holds income limits harmless.

⁶ Multifamily Tax Subsidy Projects are those projects which are reliant upon Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 42 Low Income Housing Tax Credit, or use tax-exempt private activity bonds under IRC section 142 as part of their financing. In the past we have referred to this group as LIHTC Projects.



Income Limit Applications

HUD income limits apply to the following programs:

Program	Income Limits Standard	
Department of Housing and Urban Development		
Public Housing	Very low -income, low-income standards, or extremely low-income limits	
All Section 8 Programs	Very low-income, low-income standards, or extremely low-income limits	
Indian Housing (1996 Act)	"Low-Income" is defined as the greater of 80 percent of the median family income for the Indian area or of the U.S. national median family income	
Section 202 Elderly and Section 811 Handicapped programs	Very low-income or low-income standards	
Section 235 (Homeownership program)	"95 percent" of area median income, or higher cost- based income limits	
Section 236 (Rental program)	Low-income standard	
Section 221(d)(3) (BMIR)(Below Market Interest Rate) rental program	"95 percent" of area median income, defined as 95/80ths of low-income definition	
Community Planning and Development programs	Very low-income or low-income standards for current programs under management	
HOME Investment Partnerships Act of 1990	"60 percent of median" and "65 percent of median" are used as income targeting and qualification requirements; both limits are tied to Section 8 income limit determinations	



National Homeownership Trust Act of 1990	"95 percent" of median is referenced as the eligibility standard, with a "115 percent" of median standard for high cost areas
Low-Income Housing Preservation and Resident Homeownership Act of 1990	Affordability of units for current occupant of "moderate income" affects terms under which mortgage may be prepaid; "moderate income" is defined as 80-95 percent of median, with "80 percent" defined as the Section 8 low-income standard
Rural Housing and Commun	nity Development Service
Rental and ownership assistance programs	Assistance based on HUD Section 8 very low-income or low-income standards, or income limits tied to these standards
Treasury Programs	
Multifamily Tax Subsidy Projects	Current standard is Section 8 very low-income standard or 120 percent of that definition (i.e., the "60 percent" of median standard) for projects determining income eligibility and rents who haven't used income limits prior to FY 2012. Income Limits for projects using income limits in FY 2010 or earlier will no longer use Section 8 Income Limits. A separate income limits publication is produced for this program.
Tax-exempt Mortgage Revenue Bonds for homeownership financing	115 percent of area median income, with "115 percent" defined as 230 percent of the Section 8 very low-income standard
"Difficult Development Area" Designation (Low-Income Housing Tax Credit)	Areas with the worst housing cost problems as measured by the FMR to 60 percent of median family income ratio; this designation is awarded to the population-weighted 20 percent of the metro and non-metro areas (using HUD area definitions) with the most severe problems and is recalculated annually; such areas receive special additional tax benefits under this program

PDR

"Qualified Census	Areas, as defined by the Census and designated by HUD,
Tract" (Low-Income	where 50% of all households have incomes less than 60
Housing Tax Credit	percent of the area median family income, adjusted for
Program Definition)	household size, or the poverty rate is 25 percent or
	higher; such areas receive special additional tax benefits under this program; this calculation is based on 2010 Census data and income limit policies and area definitions in effect as of the date estimates are prepared
"Qualified Census	
Tract" (Mortgage	Areas, as defined by the Census, where 70 percent of all
Revenue Bond	families have incomes less that 80 percent of the state
Program)	median family income, based on 2010 Census data

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

Disposition of Multifamily Housing to Non-profit and Public Agencies	Not less than 35 percent of all dwelling units must be made available for occupancy and be affordable for low- income families, and at least 20 percent must be made available for occupancy and be affordable for very low- income families. An "affordable rent" is defined as the rent that would be paid by a family paying 30 percent of income for rent whose income is "65 percent of median". This 65 percent figure is defined in relation to the very low-income standard (i.e., normally as 65/50ths of the standard)
Disposition of Single Family Housing	For rentals, priority is given to non-profits and public agencies that make the dwellings affordable to low- income households. Households who intend to occupy a dwelling as their primary residence whose adjusted income does not exceed 115 percent of area median income, as determined by the Secretary of HUD, are given a purchase priority for the first 3 months a property is for sale.
Federal Home Loan Banks	
Rental program funding	Very low-income, "60 percent of median" (defined as 120 percent of very low-income) and low-income

Priorities	120 percent of very low-income), and low-income standards used
Homeownership funding priorities	115 percent and 140 percent of median family income limits are used



Federal Housing Finance Agency

Income-based Housing	Goals for percentages of loans are established for
Goals of Freddie Mac	households with incomes at or below specified
and Fannie Mae	percentages of the HUD-published median family
	income for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas, as
	detailed in 12 CFR, Part 1282. The area definitions used
	relate to OMB metropolitan area definitions and the
	median family income estimates for the nonmetropolitan
	portions of each state.

Other Federal Banking Regulatory Provisions

Targeting of loan funds	Varies by agency
to low-income	
households and areas	

Uniform Relocation Act

Reimbursement to	Extent of replacement housing assistance dependent on
households forced to	qualifying as low-income, as defined by HUD; Act
relocate from their	applies to all Federal agencies that initiate action that
residence by Federal	forces households to relocate from their residence
agency	

Department of Veterans Affairs

Eligibility for disability	Eligibility for non-service related income support
income support	payments is restricted to families with incomes below the
payments to veterans	HUD low-income standard



ATTACHMENT 1

U.S. HOUSING ACT OF 1937 PROVISIONS RELATED TO INCOME LIMITS (As Amended through 2014)

Section 3:

(a)(1) Dwelling units assisted under this Act shall be rented only to families who are low-income families at the time of their initial occupancy of such units.....

(b) When used in this Act:

(1) The term "low-income housing" means decent, safe, and sanitary dwellings assisted under this Act....

(2)(A) The term "low-income families" means those families whose incomes do not exceed 80 per centum of the median income for the area, as determined by the Secretary with adjustments for smaller and larger families, except that the Secretary may establish income ceiling higher or lower than 80 per centum of the median for the area on the basis of the Secretary's findings that such variations are necessary because of prevailing levels of construction costs or unusually high or low family incomes.

(B) The term "very low-income families" means lower income families whose incomes do not exceed 50 per centum of the median family income for the area, as determined by the Secretary with adjustments for smaller and larger families, except that the Secretary may establish income ceilings higher or lower than 50 per centum of the median for the area on the basis of the Secretary's findings that such variations are necessary because of unusually high or low family incomes.

C) The term extremely low –income families means very low-income families whose incomes do not exceed the higher of—

(i) the poverty guidelines updated periodically by the Department of Health and Human Services under the authority of section 673(2) of the Community Services Block Grant Act applicable to a family of the size involved (except that this clause shall not apply in the case of public housing agencies or projects located in Puerto Rico or any other territory or possession of the United States); or

(ii) 30 percent of the median family income for the area, as determined by the Secretary, with adjustments for smaller and larger families (except that the Secretary may establish income ceilings higher or lower than 30 percent of the median for the area on the basis of the Secretary's findings that such variations are necessary because of unusually high or low family incomes).



(D) Such ceilings shall be established in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture for any rural area, as defined in section 520 of the Housing Act of 1949, taking into account the subsidy characteristics and types of programs to which such ceilings apply. In determining median incomes (of persons, families, or households) for an area or establishing any ceilings or limits based on income under this Act, the Secretary shall determine or establish area median incomes and income ceilings and limits for Westchester and Rockland Counties, in the State of New York, as if each such county were an area not contained within the metropolitan statistical area in which it is located. In determining such area median incomes or establishing such income ceilings or limits for the portions of such metropolitan statistical area that does not include Westchester or Rockland Counties, the Secretary shall determine or establish area median income ceilings and limits as if such portion included Westchester and Rockland Counties. In determining areas that are designated as difficult development areas for the purposes of the low-income housing tax credit, the Secretary shall include Westchester and Rockland Counties, New York, in the New York City metropolitan area.



Section 16:

Sec. 16. (a) Income Eligibility for Public Housing

(2)(A) Targeting. - Except as provided in paragraph 4, of the public housing dwelling units of a public housing agency made available for occupancy in any fiscal year by eligible families, not less than 40 percent shall be occupied by *extremely low-income* families.

(4)(D) Fungibility Floor. - Notwithstanding any authority under subparagraph (A), of the public housing dwelling units of a public housing agency made available for occupancy in any fiscal year by eligible families, not less than 30 percent shall be occupied by families whose incomes at the time of commencement of occupancy do not exceed 30 percent of the area median income, as determined by the Secretary with adjustments for smaller and larger families; except that the Secretary may establish income ceilings higher or lower than 30 percent of the area median income on the basis of the Secretary's findings that such variations are necessary because of unusually high or low family incomes.

Sec. 16. (b) Income eligibility for Tenant-Based Section 8 Assistance

(1) IN GENERAL. - Of the families initially provided tenant-based assistance under section 8 by a public housing agency in any fiscal year, not less than 75 percent shall be *extremely low-income* families.

Sec. 16. (c) Income Eligibility for Project-Based Section 8 Assistance

(1) Pre-1981 Act Projects. - Not more than 25 percent of the dwelling units that were available for occupancy under section 8 housing assistance payments contracts under this Act before the effective date of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1981, and which will be leased on or after such effective date shall be available for leasing by lower income families other than very low-income families.

(2) Post-1981 Act Projects. - Not more than 15 per cent of the dwelling units which became available for occupancy under section 8 housing assistance payments contracts under this Act on or after the effective date of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1981 shall be available for leasing by lower income families other than very low-income families.

(3) Targeting. - For each project assisted under a contract for project-based assistance, of the dwelling units that become available for occupancy in any fiscal year that are assisted under the contract, not less than 40 percent shall be available for leasing only by *extremely low-income families*.



(5) Exception. - The limitations established in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) shall not apply to dwelling units made available under project-based contracts under section 8 for the purpose of preventing displacement, or ameliorating the effects of displacement.

Section 567 of the HCD Act of 1987 Amendment Affecting Section 3 of the 1937 Act:

"For purposes of calculating the median income for any area that is not within a metropolitan statistical area (as established by the Office of Management and Budget) for programs under title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, the United States Housing Act of 1937, the National Housing Act, or title V of the Housing Act of 1949, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development or the Secretary of Agriculture (as appropriate) shall use whichever of the following is higher:

(1) the median income of the county in which the area is located; or,

(2) the median income of the entire non-metropolitan area of the State.



ATTACHMENT 2

HUD PROCEDURE FOR ESTIMATING FY 2017 MEDIAN FAMILY INCOMES

The FY 2017 Median Family Income (MFI) estimates, which HUD is publishing at this time, use the 5-year tabulations of American Community Survey income data from 2010 to 2014. These 5-year aggregations, covering surveys administered in 2010 through 2014, provided income data for most areas of geography⁷. HUD uses Consumer Price Index (CPI) data to inflate the American Community Survey (ACS) data from annual 2014 to the midpoint of FY 2017, based on a CPI forecast, published by the Congressional Budget Office (CBO) in January 2017. Separate HUD MFI estimates are calculated for all Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs), HUD Metro FMR Areas, and nonmetropolitan counties.

As mentioned above, HUD uses the 2010-2014 5-year ACS data in the calculation process for the FY 2017 MFIs. Specifically, for each metropolitan area, subarea of a metropolitan area, and nonmetropolitan county, 5-year ACS data is used as the new basis for calculating MFI estimates. This is the way it has been done since the 5-year ACS data first became available, for use in the FY 2011 MFI estimates. In areas where there is a valid 1-year ACS survey median family income result, HUD endeavors to use this data as well to take advantage of more recent survey information. By using both the 5-year data and the 1-year data, where available, HUD is establishing a new basis for MFI estimates while also capturing the most recent information available.

MFI estimates are based on the most currently available data, but the delay in collecting and reporting the survey data mean that 2014 ACS income data is used for FY 2017 estimates that have an as-of date of mid-2014. A new and annually revised trend factor based on the CBO forecast of CPI is used to inflate the estimate from mid-2014 to April, 2017 (or mid FY 2017).

Median family⁸ incomes start with the development of estimates of MFI for the metropolitan areas and non-metropolitan FMR/income limit areas (including U.S. territories). Attachment 2 provides a detailed explanation of how median family income estimates are calculated. The major steps are as follows:

HUD uses 2010-2014 5-year ACS estimates of median family income calculated for the areas used for FMRs and income limits as the new basis for FY 2017. In areas where there is also a 2014 1-year ACS estimate of median family income, the 1-year income data is used if the estimate is greater than twice the margin of error estimate. Once the appropriate 2014 ACS data has been selected, the data are set as of April 2017 using the CPI forecast by the CBO.

⁸ Family refers to the Census definition of a family, which is a householder with one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The definition of family excludes one-person households and multi-person households of unrelated individuals.



All places:

All estimates (using either 5-year data or 5-year data augmented with 1-year data) are updated with CPI from mid-2014 to April, 2017.

For the non-Puerto Rico Insular Areas of the United States,⁹ which currently lack ACS (or the equivalent Puerto Rico Community Survey in Puerto Rico) coverage, national ACS income changes are used as surrogates to update 2010 Decennial Census data (which collected 2009 incomes).

⁹ The areas without ACS coverage are the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Marianas Islands. Puerto Rico is covered by the ACS-equivalent Puerto Rico Community Survey.



	FY2017	,	4-PERSOI	N
	MEDIAN 5	50% OF	VLI	TYPE OF VLI
METROPOLITAN AREA	INCOME N	MEDIAN	LIMIT	ADJUSTMENT
Acadia Parish, LA HMFA	46000	23000	23600	State Median Based
Aguadilla-Isabela, PR HMFA	18700	9350	12600	High Housing Cost
Altoona, PA MSA	62700	31350	30800	Increase Capped
Anniston-Oxford-Jacksonville, AL MSA	53000	26500	25100	Increase Capped
Aransas County, TX HMFA	51800	25900	27300	Floored at 5%
Arecibo, PR HMFA	21400	10700	13400	Floored at 5%
Armstrong County, PA HMFA	60300	30150	30050	Increase Capped
Athens-Clarke County, GA MSA	61500	30750	30000	Increase Capped
Atlantic City-Hammonton, NJ MSA	67200	33600	35900	Increase Capped
Bakersfield, CA MSA	53000	26500	29950	State Median Based
Barranquitas-Aibonito, PR HMFA	16700	8350	12600	High Housing Cost
Battle Creek, MI MSA	55700	27850	27900	State Median Based
Bay City, MI MSA	65900	32950	30050	Increase Capped
Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX HMFA	55400	27700	27750	Floored at 5%
Bend-Redmond, OR MSA	64000	32000	31900	Increase Capped
Senton County, MS HMFA	40800	20400	22800	State Median Based
Berkshire County, MA (part) HMFA	72900	36450	40000	State Median Based
Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA HM	71900	35950	34250	Increase Capped
Bloomington, IL HMFA	79600	39800	41700	Floored at 5%
Bloomington, IN HMFA	62300	31150	31200	Floored at 5%
Box Elder County, UT HMFA	65800	32900	33850	State Median Based
Bridgeport, CT HMFA	86300	43150	45850	State Median Based
Brockton, MA HMFA	81000	40500	41400	Floored at 5%
Brown County, OH HMFA	54000	27000	28800	State Median Based
Brownsville-Harlingen, TX MSA	37900	18950	27100	State Median Based
Buckingham County, VA HMFA	52800	26400	26650	State Median Based
Butler County, KY HMFA	46600	23300	23900	State Median Based
Butte County, ID HMFA	50700	25350	27600	State Median Based
Caquas, PR HMFA	26400	13200	14750	Floored at 5%
Campbell County, TN HMFA	41100	20550	23950	State Median Based
Cape Girardeau, MO-IL MSA	59000	29500	29450	Increase Capped
Carson City, NV MSA	56900	28450	31450	State Median Based
Casper, WY MSA	74400	37200	37350	State Median Based
Chambersburg-Waynesboro, PA MSA	63700	31850	32150	Floored at 5%
Charleston, WV HMFA	53000	26500	27500	Floored at 5%
Chester County, SC HMFA	44500	22250	22950	State Median Based
-	109700	54850	54400	Low Housing CostUSM
Columbia County, WA HMFA				Increase Capped
Columbia, MO MSA				Increase Capped
Columbus, OH HMFA				Increase Capped
Corpus Christi, TX HMFA				Increase Capped
Corvallis, OR MSA				Increase Capped
Craven County, NC HMFA		25500		Floored at 5%
Crestview-Fort Walton Beach-Destin, FL H		35750		Increase Capped
Crockett County, TN HMFA		23300		State Median Based
Cumberland, MD-WV MSA		26950		Floored at 5%
Dallas County, MO HMFA		21450		
	52700	26350		
Dalton, GA HMFA Danbury, CT HMFA	52700 114700			= =



	FY2017		4-PERSO	
	MEDIAN		VLI	TYPE OF VLI
METROPOLITAN AREA		MEDIAN		ADJUSTMENT
Davidson County, NC HMFA				Increase Capped
DeKalb County, IL HMFA				Increase Capped
Decatur, IL MSA		33500		Increase Capped
Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach, FL H		27150		
East Stroudsburg, PA MSA		37450		
Eastern Worcester County, MA HMFA		60100		2
Easton-Raynham, MA HMFA		56600		2
El Centro, CA MSA			29950	
El Paso, TX HMFA			27100	
Fajardo, PR HMFA			14400	
Falls County, TX HMFA			27100	
Fargo, ND-MN MSA			39300	
Fayette County, WV HMFA		22050		
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR HMFA		33050		
Fitchburg-Leominster, MA HMFA			40000	
Flint, MI MSA			27900	
Florence, SC HMFA				Increase Capped
Floyd County, VA HMFA		28650		
Fort Lauderdale, FL HMFA		32050		
Fort Wayne, IN MSA		31850		
Fresno, CA MSA			29950	
Gainesville, FL MSA			32450	
Gainesville, GA MSA		30850		
Gem County, ID HMFA		25750		
Gettysburg, PA MSA		36950		
Golden Valley County, MT HMFA		25700		
Goldsboro, NC MSA			25300	
Grainger County, TN HMFA			23950	
Grand Forks, ND-MN MSA			39300	
Grand Junction, CO MSA		33150		
Grants Pass, OR MSA	46500	23250	26650	State Median Based
Great Falls, MT MSA		28800		State Median Based
Greeley, CO MSA	75700	37850	36700	Increase Capped
Guayama, PR MSA	18000	9000	14150	Floored at 5%
Gulf County, FL HMFA	49700	24850	24450	Increase Capped
Hagerstown, MD HMFA			34250	
Hall County, NE HMFA	58500	29250	31300	State Median Based
Hammond, LA MSA	56600	28300	27500	Increase Capped
Hanford-Corcoran, CA MSA	50200	25100	29950	State Median Based
Harrisonburg, VA MSA		32350		Increase Capped
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT	89700	44850	45850	State Median Based
Hinesville, GA HMFA		23300		Increase Capped
Hocking County, OH HMFA		27400		
Homosassa Springs, FL MSA	45000	22500	24200	State Median Based
Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	55900	27950	29300	Floored at 5%
Hudspeth County, TX HMFA	28000	14000	27100	State Median Based
Huntsville, AL MSA	78200	39100	38400	Increase Capped
Iberia Parish, LA HMFA	54000	27000	26400	Increase Capped
Jackson County, IL HMFA	54000	27000	30200	State Median Based
Jackson, MS HMFA	63200	31600	31100	Increase Capped



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	FY2017		4-PERSOI	
METROPOLITAN AREA	MEDIAN 5			TYPE OF VLI
				ADJUSTMENT
Jacksonville, NC MSA				Increase Capped
Jasper County, SC HMFA				Increase Capped
Jersey City, NJ HMFA				Increase Capped
Johnstown, PA MSA			30050	
Kalawao County, HI HMFA	101200			
Kankakee, IL MSA			32350	
Kendall County, IL HMFA			45650	
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, TN-VA MSA		27250		1 1
Kokomo, IN MSA			30950	
Lake Havasu City-Kingman, AZ MSA		23000		
Lancaster County, SC HMFA			27350	
Laredo, TX MSA		21400		
Las Cruces, NM MSA		23450		
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV MSA			31450	
Lawrence, KS MSA			35500	
Le Flore County, OK HMFA			24350	
Lewiston, ID-WA MSA				Floored at 5%
Lewiston-Auburn, ME MSA			30350	
Lima, OH MSA		28200		
Lincoln County, NC HMFA			28300	
Lincoln County, WV HMFA				Floored at 5%
Logan, UT-ID MSA			33850	
Long County, GA HMFA	57500	28750	27750	Increase Capped
Longview, TX HMFA	61400	30700	30150	Increase Capped
Longview, WA MSA	52100	26050	31050	State Median Based
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, CA HMFA	64300	32150	45050	High Housing Cost
Lynn County, TX HMFA	49500	24750	27100	State Median Based
Macon County, TN HMFA	43200	21600	23950	State Median Based
Madera, CA MSA	51300	25650	29950	State Median Based
Manhattan, KS MSA	70300	35150	34850	Increase Capped
Mansfield, OH MSA	55400	27700	28800	State Median Based
Martin County, TX HMFA	70800	35400	28100	Increase Capped
Maui County, HI HMFA	74100	37050	43050	Increase Capped
Maury County, TN HMFA	66600	33300	30050	Increase Capped
Mayagüez, PR MSA	23600	11800	14150	Increase Capped
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX MSA	40300	20150	27100	State Median Based
McDonald County, MO HMFA	45900	22950	24800	Increase Capped
Meade County, KY HMFA	58600	29300	27750	Increase Capped
Meade County, SD HMFA	63200	31600	32350	State Median Based
Merced, CA MSA	48500	24250	29950	State Median Based
Meriwether County, GA HMFA	44800	22400	23250	State Median Based
Merrick County, NE HMFA		29900	31300	State Median Based
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, FL HMFA		25900		
Michigan City-La Porte, IN MSA		28600		
Midland, TX HMFA		45800		Increase Capped
Mille Lacs County, MN HMFA		30400		State Median Based
Missoula, MT MSA		35600		Increase Capped
Modesto, CA MSA		28750		State Median Based
Montcalm County, MI HMFA		24800		State Median Based
Morgan County, TN HMFA		23850		State Median Based
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	FY2017		4-PERSO	
METROPOLITAN AREA	MEDIAN INCOME			TYPE OF VLI ADJUSTMENT
Muncie, IN MSA				State Median Based
Murray County, GA HMFA				State Median Based
Mullay County, GA HMFA Muskegon, MI MSA				State Median Based State Median Based
Napa, CA MSA				High Housing Cost
Naples-Immokalee-Marco Island, FL MSA		43300 34150		High Housing Cost
New Bedford, MA HMFA		31100		
New Haven-Meriden, CT HMFA		44050		
New York, NY HMFA			47700	
Newton County, TX HMFA		24600		
Norwich-New London, CT HMFA			45850	
Oakland-Fremont, CA HMFA			52150	
Ocala, FL MSA		25750		= =
Ocean City, NJ MSA		36700		
Odessa, TX MSA			32600	
Odessa, IX MSA Okmulgee County, OK HMFA		36200 26250		
Oldham County, TX HMFA		35700		
Oliver County, ND HMFA			39750	
Owen County, IN HMFA		27050		
Owensboro, KY MSA		27050		
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA MSA			49950	
Palm Coast, FL HMFA		28800		
Parkersburg-Vienna, WV MSA		28500		
Pascagoula, MS HMFA			28050	
Pend Oreille County, WA HMFA		24800		
Penobscot County, ME (part) HMFA		24800		
Perry County, OH HMFA			28800	
		21050		
Pickens County, AL HMFA Pittsfield, MA HMFA			40000	
Pocatello, ID MSA				Floored at 5%
Poinsett County, AR HMFA		21050		
Polk County, MO HMFA		24700		
Porce, PR HMFA		24700 11150		
Port St. Lucie, FL MSA		29000		
Portland, ME HMFA		29000 41700		
Portsmouth-Rochester, NH HMFA			44600	
Pueblo, CO MSA		45550 25250		
Putnam County, WV HMFA		34850		
Quebradillas Municipio, PR HMFA		8950		
		31800		5 5
Rapid City, SD HMFA Richmond, VA MSA		39350		
				Increase Capped
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA MSA		31600	32250	High Housing Cost
Roanoke, VA HMFA		33450	33000	Increase Capped
Rockingham County, NC HMFA		24250	24850	Floored at 5%
SacramentoRosevilleArden-Arcade, CA		37600	37100	Increase Capped
Salinas, CA MSA		31550	40700	Increase Capped
San Benito County, CA HMFA		36700	41800	Increase Capped
San Diego-Carlsbad, CA MSA		39650	45450	Increase Capped
San Francisco, CA HMFA	115300		65800	Increase Capped
San German, PR MSA	18400	9200	12600	High Housing Cost
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA HMFA	113300	00000	59700	Increase Capped



	FY2017		1-PERSO	
		50% OF		TYPE OF VLI
			LIMIT	
San Juan-Guaynabo, PR HMFA				High Housing Cost
San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grand				
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine, CA HMFA				Increase Capped
Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA MSA				Increase Capped
Santa Maria-Santa Barbara, CA MSA				Increase Capped
Santa Rosa, CA MSA				Increase Capped
Scott County, IN HMFA				Increase Capped
Sebastian-Vero Beach, FL MSA				Increase Capped
Sebring, FL MSA				State Median Base
Sherman-Denison, TX MSA				Increase Capped
Shreveport-Bossier City, LA HMFA	54700	27350	28300	Floored at 5%
Simpson County, MS HMFA	43600	21800	22800	State Median Base
Sioux City, IA-NE-SD HMFA				State Median Base
Sioux County, ND HMFA	37600	18800	39300	Increase Capped
Somerset County, MD HMFA	49200	24600	34250	Floored at 5%
Somervell County, TX HMFA	58900	29450	33550	Floored at 5%
South Bend-Mishawaka, IN HMFA	61500	30750	30500	Increase Capped
Springfield, MA MSA	66600	33300	40000	State Median Base
Springfield, OH MSA	54500	27250	28800	State Median Base
St. George, UT MSA	59000	29500	33850	State Median Base
Stamford-Norwalk, CT HMFA				Increase Capped
Staunton-Waynesboro, VA MSA	64500	32250	32200	Increase Capped
Stevens County, WA HMFA				Increase Capped
Sumter, SC MSA	46700	23350	24150	Floored at 5%
Taunton-Mansfield-Norton, MA HMFA	94400	47200	45000	Increase Capped
Terre Haute, IN HMFA				State Median Base
Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR HMFA				State Median Base
Topeka, KS MSA	68300	34150	33450	Increase Capped
Tunica County, MS HMFA				State Median Base
Tuscaloosa, AL HMFA				Increase Capped
Tyler, TX MSA				Floored at 5%
Urban Honolulu, HI MSA				High Housing Cost
Utica-Rome, NY MSA				State Median Base
Utuado Municipio, PR HMFA				High Housing Cost
Valdosta, GA MSA				Floored at 5%
Victoria, TX MSA				Increase Capped
Vineland-Bridgeton, NJ MSA				High Housing Cost
Visalia-Porterville, CA MSA				State Median Base
Waco, TX HMFA				Increase Capped
Warner Robins, GA HMFA				Floored at 5%
Warren County, NJ HMFA				Increase Capped
Washington County, IN HMFA		25750	27500	Increase Capped
Waterbury, CT HMFA		31500	45500	
Watertown-Fort Drum, NY MSA		31200	45500 31900	
		36300	31900 34950	
Wausau, WI MSA			23600	
Webster Parish, LA HMFA		23550		
Weirton-Steubenville, WV-OH MSA		26900	28800	
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL HMFA		33950	35950	
Western Worcester County, MA HMFA		37800	40000	
Williamson County, IL HMFA	65700	32850	31000	Increase Capped



	FY2017	4-PERSO	N
	MEDIAN 50% OF	VLI	TYPE OF VLI
METROPOLITAN AREA	INCOME MEDIAN	I LIMIT	ADJUSTMENT
Winchester, VA-WV MSA	68100 34050	35100	Floored at 5%
Windham County, CT HMFA	72900 36450	45500	Increase Capped
Yakima, WA MSA	52200 26100	29700	Increase Capped
Yauco, PR HMFA	17000 8500	12600	High Housing Cost
Yazoo County, MS HMFA	35400 17700	22800	State Median Based
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH HMFA	54600 27300	28800	State Median Based
Yuba City, CA MSA	55500 27750	29950	State Median Based
Yuma, AZ MSA	44500 22250	25350	High Housing Cost



	FY2017			
		80% OF/	4-PERSON	N TYPE OF LI
METROPOLITAN AREA			LI LIMI	
Acadia Parish, LA HMFA				State Median Based
Aquadilla-Isabela, PR HMFA		14960		High Housing Cost
Altoona, PA MSA		50160		Increase Capped
Anchorage, AK HMFA		71200		Capped at US Med
Ann Arbor, MI MSA		70640		Capped at US Med
Anniston-Oxford-Jacksonville, AL MSA		42400		Increase Capped
Aransas County, TX HMFA		41440		Floored at 5%
Arecibo, PR HMFA		17120		Floored at 5%
Armstrong County, PA HMFA		48240		Increase Capped
Athens-Clarke County, GA MSA		49200		Increase Capped
Atlantic City-Hammonton, NJ MSA		53760	57450	Increase Capped
Bakersfield, CA MSA		42400	47900	State Median Based
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, MD MSA		72880	68000	Capped at US Med
Barnstable Town, MA MSA		72160		Capped at US Med Capped at US Med
Barranquitas-Aibonito, PR HMFA		13360		High Housing Cost
Battle Creek, MI MSA		44560		State Median Based
Battle Creek, MI MSA Bay City, MI MSA		44380 52720		Increase Capped
		44320		
Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX HMFA				Floored at 5%
Bend-Redmond, OR MSA		51200		Increase Capped
Benton County, MS HMFA		32640	36500	State Median Based
Bergen-Passaic, NJ HMFA		77200		Capped at US Med
Berkshire County, MA (part) HMFA		58320		State Median Based
Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA HM		57520	54800	Increase Capped
Bloomington, IL HMFA		63680		Floored at 5%
Bloomington, IN HMFA		49840		Floored at 5%
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH HMFA	103400		78150	Increase Capped
Boulder, CO MSA		78560		Capped at US Med
Box Elder County, UT HMFA		52640	54150	State Median Based
Brazoria County, TX HMFA		68480		Capped at US Med
Bridgeport, CT HMFA		69040		Capped at US Med
Brockton, MA HMFA		64800		Floored at 5%
Brown County, OH HMFA		43200		State Median Based
Brownsville-Harlingen, TX MSA		30320		State Median Based
Buckingham County, VA HMFA		42240		State Median Based
Butler County, KY HMFA		37280		State Median Based
Butte County, ID HMFA		40560		State Median Based
Caguas, PR HMFA		21120		Floored at 5%
California-Lexington Park, MD MSA	99600	79680		Capped at US Med
Campbell County, TN HMFA	41100	32880	38300	State Median Based
Cape Girardeau, MO-IL MSA	59000	47200	47100	Increase Capped
Carson City, NV MSA	56900	45520	50300	State Median Based
Casper, WY MSA	74400	59520	59750	State Median Based
Chambersburg-Waynesboro, PA MSA	63700	50960	51450	Floored at 5%
Charleston, WV HMFA	53000	42400	44000	Floored at 5%
Chester County, SC HMFA	44500	35600	36700	State Median Based
Colchester-Lebanon, CT HMFA	109700	87760	68000	Capped at US Med
Columbia County, WA HMFA	51900	41520	48400	Increase Capped
Columbia, MO MSA	75200	60160	59500	Increase Capped
Columbus, OH HMFA	74500	59600	59500	Increase Capped
Corpus Christi, TX HMFA	63100	50480	49700	Increase Capped



	EV2017			
	FY2017	80% OF 4	-DEDCON	I TYPE OF LI
METROPOLITAN AREA		MEDIAN L		
Corvallis, OR MSA				Increase Capped
Craven County, NC HMFA				Floored at 5%
Crestview-Fort Walton Beach-Destin, FL H				
Crockett County, TN HMFA		37280		State Median Based
Cumberland, MD-WV MSA		43120	54850	Floored at 5%
Dallas County, MO HMFA		34320	40650	State Median Based
Dalton, GA HMFA		42160	38700	Increase Capped
Danbury, CT HMFA		91760		Floored at 5%
Danville, IL MSA		43760	48300	State Median Based
Davidson County, NC HMFA			44700	Increase Capped
DeKalb County, IL HMFA		60640	58300	Increase Capped
Decatur, IL MSA		53600	50150	= =
				Increase Capped
Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach, FL H		43440	44650	Increase Capped
East Stroudsburg, PA MSA		59920	54700	Increase Capped
Eastern Worcester County, MA HMFA	120200		68000	Capped at US Med
Easton-Raynham, MA HMFA	113200		68000	Capped at US Med
El Centro, CA MSA			47900	State Median Based
El Paso, TX HMFA		36240	43350	State Median Based
Fajardo, PR HMFA		17280	23050	Floored at 5%
Falls County, TX HMFA	48500	38800	43350	State Median Based
Fargo, ND-MN MSA	75200	60160	62900	Increase Capped
Fayette County, WV HMFA		35280	39450	State Median Based
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR HMFA	66100	52880	52650	Increase Capped
Fitchburg-Leominster, MA HMFA	68600	54880	64000	State Median Based
Flint, MI MSA	53700	42960	44650	State Median Based
Florence, SC HMFA	57800	46240	44650	Increase Capped
Floyd County, VA HMFA	57300	45840	45500	Increase Capped
Fort Lauderdale, FL HMFA	64100	51280	60950	High Housing Cost
Fort Wayne, IN MSA	63700	50960	50300	Increase Capped
Franklin County, MA	76500	61200	64000	State Median Based
Franklin County, MA	76500	61200	64000	State Median Based
Fresno, CA MSA	50000	40000	47900	State Median Based
Gainesville, FL MSA	65200	52160	51900	Increase Capped
Gainesville, GA MSA	61700	49360	48300	Increase Capped
Gem County, ID HMFA	51500	41200	44150	State Median Based
Gettysburg, PA MSA	73900	59120	58550	Increase Capped
Golden Valley County, MT HMFA		41120	48400	State Median Based
Goldsboro, NC MSA	45000	36000	40500	Floored at 5%
Grainger County, TN HMFA		35680	38300	State Median Based
Grand Forks, ND-MN MSA		53200	62900	Increase Capped
Grand Junction, CO MSA		53040	51350	Increase Capped
Grants Pass, OR MSA		37200	42650	State Median Based
Great Falls, MT MSA		46080	48400	State Median Based
Greeley, CO MSA		60560	58700	Increase Capped
Guayama, PR MSA		14400	22650	Floored at 5%
Gulf County, FL HMFA		14400 39760	39100	Increase Capped
			54850	Floored at 5%
Hagerstown, MD HMFA		54080		State Median Based
Hall County, NE HMFA	56600	46800	50100 43950	
Hammond, LA MSA			43950	Increase Capped
Hanford-Corcoran, CA MSA	50200	40160	47900	State Median Based



	FY2017	0.0.0 0.0		
			4-PERSON	
METROPOLITAN AREA			LI LIMI	
Harrisonburg, VA MSA		71760		Increase Capped
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT				
Hillsborough County, NH (part) HMFA		69680		
Hinesville, GA HMFA		37280		Increase Capped
Hocking County, OH HMFA		43840		State Median Based
Homosassa Springs, FL MSA		36000		State Median Based
Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA		44720		Floored at 5%
Hudspeth County, TX HMFA		22400		State Median Based
Huntsville, AL MSA		62560		
Iberia Parish, LA HMFA		43200		Increase Capped
Iowa City, IA HMFA		69440		Capped at US Med
Jackson County, IL HMFA		43200		State Median Based
Jackson, MS HMFA		50560		Increase Capped
Jacksonville, NC MSA		44400		Increase Capped
Jasper County, SC HMFA		33440		Increase Capped
Jersey City, NJ HMFA		50480		Increase Capped
Johnstown, PA MSA	60300	48240	48050	Increase Capped
Kalawao County, HI HMFA	101200	80960	68000	Capped at US Med
Kankakee, IL MSA	74300	59440	51750	Increase Capped
Kendall County, IL HMFA	99600	79680	68000	Capped at US Med
Kendall County, TX HMFA	91500	73200	68000	Capped at US Med
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, TN-VA MSA	54500	43600	43350	Increase Capped
Kokomo, IN MSA	62500	50000	49500	Increase Capped
Lake Havasu City-Kingman, AZ MSA	46000	36800	37700	State Median Based
Lancaster County, SC HMFA	57700	46160	43750	Increase Capped
Laredo, TX MSA	42800	34240	43350	State Median Based
Las Cruces, NM MSA	46900	37520	41850	State Median Based
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV MSA	61900	49520	50300	State Median Based
Lawrence, KS MSA	68500	54800	56800	Floored at 5%
Lawrence, MA-NH HMFA	87600	70080	68000	Capped at US Med
Le Flore County, OK HMFA	45300	36240	38950	Increase Capped
Lewiston, ID-WA MSA	54200	43360	45200	Floored at 5%
Lewiston-Auburn, ME MSA	65100	52080	48550	Increase Capped
Lima, OH MSA	56400	45120	46100	State Median Based
Lincoln County, NC HMFA	53600	42880	45300	Floored at 5%
Lincoln County, WV HMFA	45500	36400	42750	Floored at 5%
Livingston County, MI HMFA	85300	68240	68000	Capped at US Med
Logan, UT-ID MSA	60200	48160	54150	State Median Based
Long County, GA HMFA	57500	46000	44400	Increase Capped
Longview, TX HMFA		49120		Increase Capped
Longview, WA MSA		41680	49700	State Median Based
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, CA HMFA		51440	72100	High Housing Cost
Lowell, MA HMFA		77040	68000	Capped at US Med
Lynn County, TX HMFA		39600	43350	State Median Based
Macon County, TN HMFA		34560	38300	State Median Based
Madera, CA MSA		41040		State Median Based
Madera, CA MSA Madison, WI HMFA		41040 68160	47900 68000	Capped at US Med
Madison, Wi HMFA Manhattan, KS MSA		56240	55750	Increase Capped
Mansfield, OH MSA		44320		State Median Based
Mansileid, OH MSA Martin County, TX HMFA		44320 56640	46100 44950	Increase Capped
Hartern country, in mirra	10000	0-005	1100	THELEASE Capped



	EV2017			
	FY2017	90% OF/	-PERSON	N TYPE OF LI
METROPOLITAN AREA			LI LIMI	
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, AK HMFA		72320		Capped at US Med
Maui County, HI HMFA		59280	68900	Increase Capped
Maury County, TN HMFA		53280	48050	Increase Capped
Mayagüez, PR MSA		18880		Increase Capped
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX MSA		32240		State Median Based
McDonald County, MO HMFA		36720		Increase Capped
Meade County, KY HMFA		46880		Increase Capped Increase Capped
Meade County, SD HMFA		50560		State Median Based
Merced, CA MSA		38800	47900	State Median Based
Meriwether County, GA HMFA		35840		State Median Based
Merrick County, NE HMFA		47840	50100	State Median Based
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, FL HMFA		41440	60400	High Housing Cost
		41440	45850	State Median Based
Michigan City-La Porte, IN MSA	105400		43830 77100	
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ HMFA				High Housing Cost
Midland, TX HMFA		73280	64950 68000	Increase Capped
Milford-Ansonia-Seymour, CT HMFA		74800 48640		Capped at US Med
Mille Lacs County, MN HMFA			52250	State Median Based
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI		72320	68000	Capped at US Med
Missoula, MT MSA		56960	52700	Increase Capped
Modesto, CA MSA		46000	47900	State Median Based
Monmouth-Ocean, NJ HMFA		75200	69200	High Housing Cost
Montcalm County, MI HMFA		39680		State Median Based
Morgan County, TN HMFA		38160	38300	State Median Based
Muncie, IN MSA		42240		State Median Based
Murray County, GA HMFA		34800	37200	State Median Based
Muskegon, MI MSA		42800		State Median Based
Napa, CA MSA		72800	74500	High Housing Cost
Naples-Immokalee-Marco Island, FL MSA		54640	55750	High Housing Cost
Nashua, NH HMFA		75280	68000	Capped at US Med
Nassau-Suffolk, NY HMFA	110800		81000	Increase Capped
New Bedford, MA HMFA		49760	50350	Increase Capped
New Haven-Meriden, CT HMFA		70480	68000	Capped at US Med
New York, NY HMFA		52960	76300	High Housing Cost
Newark, NJ HMFA		75360	68000	Capped at US Med
Newport-Middleton-Portsmouth, RI HMFA		74960		Capped at US Med
Newton County, TX HMFA		39360		State Median Based
Norwich-New London, CT HMFA		65680	68000	Capped at US Med
Oakland-Fremont, CA HMFA		77920		Increase Capped
Ocala, FL MSA		41200	40650	Increase Capped
Ocean City, NJ MSA		58720	60000	Floored at 5%
Odessa, TX MSA	72400	57920	52150	Increase Capped
Okmulgee County, OK HMFA		42000	43100	State Median Based
Oldham County, TX HMFA		57120	54800	Increase Capped
Oliver County, ND HMFA		63360		Floored at 5%
Owen County, IN HMFA		43280	45850	State Median Based
Owensboro, KY MSA	54100	43280	45200	Floored at 5%
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA MSA	85600	68480	79900	Increase Capped
Palm Coast, FL HMFA		46080	46150	Increase Capped
Parkersburg-Vienna, WV MSA	57000	45600	43500	Increase Capped
Pascagoula, MS HMFA	56000	44800	44900	Floored at 5%



	FY2017			
	MEDIAN	80% OF -	4-PERSON	I TYPE OF LI
METROPOLITAN AREA	INCOME I	MEDIAN	LI LIMIT	ADJUSTMENT
Pend Oreille County, WA HMFA	49600	39680	47500	Increase Capped
Penobscot County, ME (part) HMFA	52200	41760	44700	State Median Based
Perry County, OH HMFA	50000	40000	46100	State Median Based
Pickens County, AL HMFA	42100	33680	36550	State Median Based
Pittsfield, MA HMFA	67200	53760	64000	State Median Based
Pocatello, ID MSA	56800	45440	45750	Floored at 5%
Poinsett County, AR HMFA	42100	33680	37200	State Median Based
Polk County, MO HMFA	49400	39520	40650	State Median Based
Ponce, PR HMFA	22300	17840	21800	Floored at 5%
Port St. Lucie, FL MSA	58000	46400	48150	Increase Capped
Portland, ME HMFA	83400	66720	65700	Increase Capped
Portsmouth-Rochester, NH HMFA	90700	72560	68000	Capped at US Med
Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY HMF		71520		Capped at US Med
Pueblo, CO MSA	50500	40400		
Putnam County, WV HMFA		55760		
Quebradillas Municipio, PR HMFA			20150	
Rapid City, SD HMFA		50880		-
Richmond, VA MSA	78700	62960	61900	Increase Capped
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA MSA		50560		High Housing Cost
Roanoke, VA HMFA			52800	
Rochester, MN HMFA			68000	
Rockingham County, NC HMFA		38800		
Rockland County, NY HMFA				High Housing Cost
SacramentoRosevilleArden-Arcade, CA	75200			-
Salinas, CA MSA			65100	
San Benito County, CA HMFA			66900	
San Diego-Carlsbad, CA MSA			72750	
San Francisco, CA HMFA				Increase Capped
San German, PR MSA				High Housing Cost
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA HMFA				
San Juan-Guaynabo, PR HMFA		21280		
San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grand			65350	5 5
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine, CA HMFA		70400		Increase Capped
Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA MSA		66640		Increase Capped
Santa Ciuz Watsonville, CA MSA Santa Maria-Santa Barbara, CA MSA			72050	
Santa Rosa, CA MSA			70500	
Scott County, IN HMFA			44650	
			72000	
Seattle-Bellevue, WA HMFA				5 5
Sebastian-Vero Beach, FL MSA			47100	
Sebring, FL MSA			38700	
Sherman-Denison, TX MSA		53360		Increase Capped
Shreveport-Bossier City, LA HMFA				Floored at 5%
Simpson County, MS HMFA		34880		
Sioux City, IA-NE-SD HMFA		49840		
Sioux County, ND HMFA		30080		
Somerset County, MD HMFA		39360		
Somervell County, TX HMFA		47120		
South Bend-Mishawaka, IN HMFA		49200		
a second s		01000	60000	Commond of TIC Mond
Southern Middlesex County, CT HMFA Springfield, OH MSA	106200	84960 43600		Capped at US Med State Median Based



FY2017

	FY201/			
			4-PERSON	
METROPOLITAN AREA			LI LIMIT	r ADJUSTMENT
St. George, UT MSA	59000	47200	54150	State Median Based
Stamford-Norwalk, CT HMFA	142800	114240	88550	Increase Capped
Staunton-Waynesboro, VA MSA	64500	51600	51500	Increase Capped
Stevens County, WA HMFA	54400	43520	47500	Increase Capped
Sumter, SC MSA	46700	37360	38650	Floored at 5%
Taunton-Mansfield-Norton, MA HMFA	94400	75520	68000	Capped at US Med
Terre Haute, IN HMFA	52900	42320	45850	State Median Based
Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR HMFA	52600	42080	43350	State Median Based
Topeka, KS MSA	68300	54640	53500	Increase Capped
Trenton, NJ MSA	95400	76320	68000	Capped at US Med
Tunica County, MS HMFA	34300	27440	36500	State Median Based
Tuscaloosa, AL HMFA	61100	48880	47450	Increase Capped
Tyler, TX MSA	58000	46400	46650	Floored at 5%
Urban Honolulu, HI MSA	86600	69280	83700	High Housing Cost
Utica-Rome, NY MSA	62100	49680	50000	State Median Based
Utuado Municipio, PR HMFA	19200	15360	20150	High Housing Cost
Valdosta, GA MSA	45900	36720	38250	Floored at 5%
Victoria, TX MSA	63800	51040	49750	Increase Capped
Vineland-Bridgeton, NJ MSA	54200	43360	52700	High Housing Cost
Visalia-Porterville, CA MSA		37840	47900	State Median Based
Waco, TX HMFA		46560	44800	Increase Capped
Warner Robins, GA HMFA		46320	50000	Floored at 5%
Warren County, NJ HMFA		75600	68000	Capped at US Med
Washington County, IN HMFA		41200	43950	Increase Capped
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-M			75050	Increase Capped
Waterbury, CT HMFA		50400	68000	Capped at US Med
Watertown-Fort Drum, NY MSA		49920	51050	High Housing Cost
Wausau, WI MSA		58080	55900	Increase Capped
Webster Parish, LA HMFA		37680	37750	State Median Based
Weirton-Steubenville, WV-OH MSA		43040	46100	State Median Based
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL HMFA		54320	57500	Increase Capped
Westchester County, NY Statutory Excepti			75300	Increase Capped
Western Rockingham County, NH HMFA	105600		68000	Capped at US Med
2 2		60480	64000	State Median Based
Western Worcester County, MA HMFA		52560	49600	
Williamson County, IL HMFA				Increase Capped
Winchester, VA-WV MSA		54480	56150	Floored at 5%
Worcester, MA HMFA		68560		Capped at US Med
Yakima, WA MSA		41760	47500	Increase Capped
Yauco, PR HMFA		13600		High Housing Cost
Yazoo County, MS HMFA		28320	36500	State Median Based
York-Kittery-South Berwick, ME HMFA		68480		Capped at US Med
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH HMFA		43680	46100	State Median Based
Yuba City, CA MSA		44400	47900	State Median Based
Yuma, AZ MSA	44500	35600	40550	High Housing Cost



				(1001			<u>7 2016 </u>		Level)			
	1	000	050	000	Pe		t Chang		116 10	1	105 10	
STATE	less than	80% to	85% to	90% to	95 to		105.1% to	110.1% to	115.1% to	120.1%	125.1% or	
				94.9%		105%	110%	115%	120%	to 125		Median
					1				1			103
AK				2	7		4	3	1			103
AL			1	3	14				-			101
AR			1	1	13		16		1			101
AZ				1	2		2	-	-		1	
CA				2	11	-	11	5		1		103
co		1	1	5	9		8		2	-		103
CT		-	-	5	2		5		-			102
DE						1	1					104
FL			2	3	11		10	1	1			103
GA			4	8	24		9		2			103
GU				0	24	1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0	2			101
				1	1		2	1				104
HI IA				1	12		2					107
				2	12		6					102
ID TT			1	2	8		6 11	3		1		-
IL IN			1	2	g		7	2	2			102 102
										1		
KS KY			1	2	11 16		21 14	6	1	1		103 102
		1	1	3	10		14	3		2		102
LA		1	1	1								
MA					1	-	5					104
MD			1	1	5		1	2				100
ME			1		2		1	1				102
MI				1	11		2	2	2			102
MN			- 1	1	2		10			1		102
MO		1	1	2	15		17	2	2	1	1	102
MS		1	1	5	14			4	3		1	-
MT		1	2	2	15		10	4	1	1		102
NC		1	2	5	22		12			1		101
ND				2	3				1		1	
NE				3	9		24			2	L	103 103
NH				-			3					
NJ			1	1	-	2	1			1		101 101
NM		1	1	3			4	1		1		-
NV		1	2	1	1		4	<u> </u>		4		101
NY				<u> </u>			6			1		103
OH				4	7		12	3		1		102 103
OK				-	_							-
OR				1	8		8		1			101
PA		~		2	6		6			1		103
PR DT		2		2	2		3	1				101 105
RI				-	2		3					
SC				2	13		14		1	1		102 103
SD		-	4	-					2			
TN		1	1	1	18		8				-	102
TX		2	4		45	-			4		3	
UT			2	2	4		4		4			102
VA				1	14		11	3	1			103
VI					-	3						104
VT			-		2	-			-			101
WA			3	_	5		5		2			102
WI				1	9		8					102
WV			1	1	11		7					103
WY			1	2	3		6					103
US		10	33	97	445	1440	419	103	31	14	7	102

ATTACHMENT 5 FY 2016 - 2017 Distribution of changes in Area Median Income (100 Percent = FY 2016 Income Level)



ATTACHMENT 5A	
FY 2016 - 2017 Distribution of changes in Area Me	dian Income
(100 Percent = FY 2016 Income Level)	

					Pe		t Chang	je	,			
Metro												
polita												
-												
	less		85%	90%				110.1%			125.1%	
Areas			to		95 to		to	to		120.1%		
STATE	80%	84.9%	89.9%	94.9%	99.9		110%	115%		to 125	more	Media
					1	1			1			10
AK				1	1		1					9
AL					6	6						10
AR					3	6	2					10
AZ				1	2	4						10
CA					6	11	10	2		1		10
со					1	5	1		1			10
СТ					2	4	5					10
DE						1	1					10
FL			1		4	14	8	1	1			10
GA				1	5	11	3		2			10
HI				1	1			1				
IA				-	2	8	2					10
ID		-		2	2	2						9
			1	2				2	2	-		
IL					3	8						10
IN				1	3	11	2	2	1			10
KS				1		1	4					10
КY				1	1	7		1				10
LA			1	2	2	6						10
MA				1	1	5						10
MD				1	2	3		2				10
ME					1	5	1	1				10
MI					4	13			1			10
MN					1	8	1					10
MO				1	1	10	3					10
MS				1	3	2	1					9
MT					2	1			1			10
NC		1	1	2			5	1				10
ND		-	-	- 1		1	1					
NE				-	2	5	1					10
NH					2	1	2					10
				1								
NJ				1		2						10
NM					1	3						10
NV			1			2						10
NY					2	18						10
ОН				1	3		-					10
OK					1	7						10
OR					1	5	1	1				10
PA				1	2	11	5	1	1			10
PR		1		2	2	3	3	1		1		10
RI					1	3	1	1				10
sc				1	2	9	2	1	1			10
SD						2	2					10
TN					5	13						10
TX		1		2			6		2		1	
UT					1	6						10
VA		-		1		9		1	1			10
				1		9	4					
VT			-		1		-					9
WA			1		4	7						10
WI					5	7						10
WV				1	3	5		1				10
WY				1		1						9
US		3	6	30	115	315	109	28	15	3	1	10



ATTACHMENT 5B

FY 2016 - 2017 Distribution of changes in Area Median Income (100 Percent = FY 2016 Income Level) Non-metropolitan Areas

١	on-me	tropol	litan	Areas

	Non-metropolitan Areas									1		
	Percent Change less 80% 85% 90% 100% 105.1% 115.1% 125.1%											
STATE	less		85%	90%							125.1%	
	than 80%		to 89.9%	to 94.9%	95 to 99 q		to 110%	to 115%	to 120%	120.1% to 125	or more	Median
	000	04.20	05.50	54.50	55.5	2	1100	1100	1200	00 123	more	103
AK				1	6		3	3	1			103
AL			1	3	8		5					103
AR			-	1	10			1	1			101
AZ				-		4	2	-	-		1	
CA				2	5		1	3				101
CO		1	1	- 5	8		7	2	1			102
СТ		-	-	5		1	,					102
FL			1	3	7		2					100
GA			4	7	19		6	5				100
GU			-			1		3				104
HI						-	2					101
IA				1	10	58	7	2				100
ID				-	8							102
IL					5							102
IN				1	6							102
KS				1	11			6		1		103
KY			1	7	15		14		1			103
LA		1	-	1	8					-		101
MA				_	-	2	1					105
MD					3							99
ME			1		1							102
MI					7		2	2	1			102
MN				1	1	_	9					102
MO			1	1	14					1		102
MS		1	1	4	11	34	6		3	_	1	
MT			2	2	13		10					102
NC			1	3	16			2	1	1		101
ND				1	1		13		1		1	
NE				3	7	_	23	2		2	1	
NH				-	2		1					103
NM			1	3	2		4	1		1		101
NV		1	1	1	1		4					101
NY					1	17	3	2		1		103
ОН				3	4	32	7	3		1		102
ок					8	35	13			1		103
OR				1	7	8	7					100
PA				1	4	24	1					102
PR		1										83
SC				1	7	9	1	2				101
SD					13	29	12	3		1		103
TN		1	1	1	13	27	5	3	2			102
тх		1	4	4	37	82	33	7	2		2	102
UT			2	2	3	8	4					102
VA					11	24	7	2				102
VI						3						104
VT					1	10						102
WA			2		1	10	2	1	2			103
WI				1	4	36	5					102
wv			1		8	18	7					103
WY			1	1	3	10						103
US		7	27	67	330	1125	310	75	16	11	6	102



ATTACHMENT 6

FY 2017 Median Family Incomes for States, Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Portions of States

		FY 2017	
	TOTAL	METRO	NONMETRO
Alabama	55500	59900	45700
Alaska	84900	88100	78400
Arizona	61600	62500	47100
Arkansas	53200	58200	46500
California	73300	73600	59900
Colorado	77800	79700	63800
Connecticut	91600	91600	91700
Delaware	74900	74900	55200
District of Columbia	86700	86700	55200*
Florida	59000	59500	48400
Georgia	60700	64200	46500
Hawaii	81700	84600	67000
Idaho	59900	62400	55200
Illinois	74100	76800	60400
Indiana	62700	64300	57300
Iowa	69900	75700	63900
Kansas	68500	74100	60300
Kentucky	56500	64200	47800
Louisiana	58400	61200	47200
Maine	64000	72300	55900
Maryland	92500	93500	63000
Massachusetts	90700	90900	80000
Michigan	64100	66700	55800
Minnesota	80400	86000	65300
Mississippi	51800	57900	45600
Missouri	63200	69100	50800
Montana	62600	66400	60500
Nebraska	68200	72800	62600
Nevada	62700	62700	62900
New Hampshire	83100	90300	73000
New Jersey	91200	91200	55200*
New Mexico	56400	58500	52300
New York	73400	74400	62500
North Carolina	59200	62700	48700
North Dakota	77600	76400	78800
Ohio	64300	66900	57600
Oklahoma	60600	64000	53900
Oregon	64600	67600	53300
Pennsylvania	70000	72600	57500
Rhode Island	73500	73500	55200*
South Carolina	58300	61100	45900
South Dakota	69000	73500	64700
Tennessee	57300	61200	47900
Texas	64800	66800	54200
Utah	71700	72200	67700
Vermont	69300 80800	82400 86300	64700 53300
Virginia			
Washington	76500	78600	62100
West Virginia	54100	57700	49300
Wisconsin	69300	72400	62600
Wyoming	74700	74800	74700
US	68000	70100	55200
00	00000	10100	JJZ00

* US non-metropolitan median

