# Housing Market Indicators Monthly Update

June 2020

National housing market indicators available as of June showed activity in housing markets was mixed overall. The implementation of social distancing measures in mid-to-late March and economic tightening due to the coronavirus pandemic have slowed housing market activity. Trends in some of the top indicators for this month include:

- Purchases of new homes jumped in May after falling the previous two months. New single-family home sales climbed 16.6 percent to 676,000 units (SAAR) in May from a downwardly revised pace of 580,000 in April—the slowest pace since December 2018. Sales were 12.7 percent higher than one year ago. New home sales are based on the signing of a purchase agreement rather than a closing, as with existing homes. The increase in sales likely reflects record low interest rates and deferred sales with the lessening of restrictive COVID-19 measures adopted by many states in March and April. Note that monthly data on new home sales tend to be volatile. (Sources: HUD and Census Bureau)
- Sales of previously owned (existing) homes slumped for a third consecutive month to the slowest pace since October 2010. The National Association of Realtors<sup>®</sup> (NAR) reported that May sales of existing homes (including single-family homes, townhomes, condominiums, and cooperatives) were down 9.7 percent to 3.91 million units (SAAR) from 4.33 million in April and were 26.6 percent lower than a year earlier. Because existing home sales are based on a closing, and not a purchase agreement as with new homes, May sales reflect contract signings in March and April when social distancing measures due to the pandemic were more restrictive.
- New home construction improved. Single-family housing starts inched up 0.1 percent to 675,000 homes (SAAR) in May from an upwardly revised pace of 674,000 units the previous month but were down 17.8 percent from one year ago. Multifamily housing starts (5 or more units in a structure), at 291,000 units (SAAR), increased 16.9 percent from an upwardly revised pace of 249,000 units in April but were down 33.1 percent from a year earlier. Note that month-to-month changes in the construction of multifamily homes are often volatile. Total housing starts rose 4.3 percent to 974,000 (SAAR) from April but were down 23.2 percent year-overyear. (Sources: HUD and Census Bureau)
- Year-over-year house price increases remained fairly stable, with annual gains ranging from 4 to 6 percent. The Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA) seasonally adjusted purchase-only house price index for April estimated that home values rose 0.2 percent over the previous month and 5.5 percent over the previous year, down from a 5.9-percent annual gain in March. The FHFA index shows that U.S. home values are 28 percent above their peak, set in April 2007 during the housing bubble, and stand 62 percent above the low point reached in May 2011. Another index tracked in the Monthly Update, the non-seasonally adjusted (NSA) CoreLogic Case-Shiller<sup>®</sup> 20-City

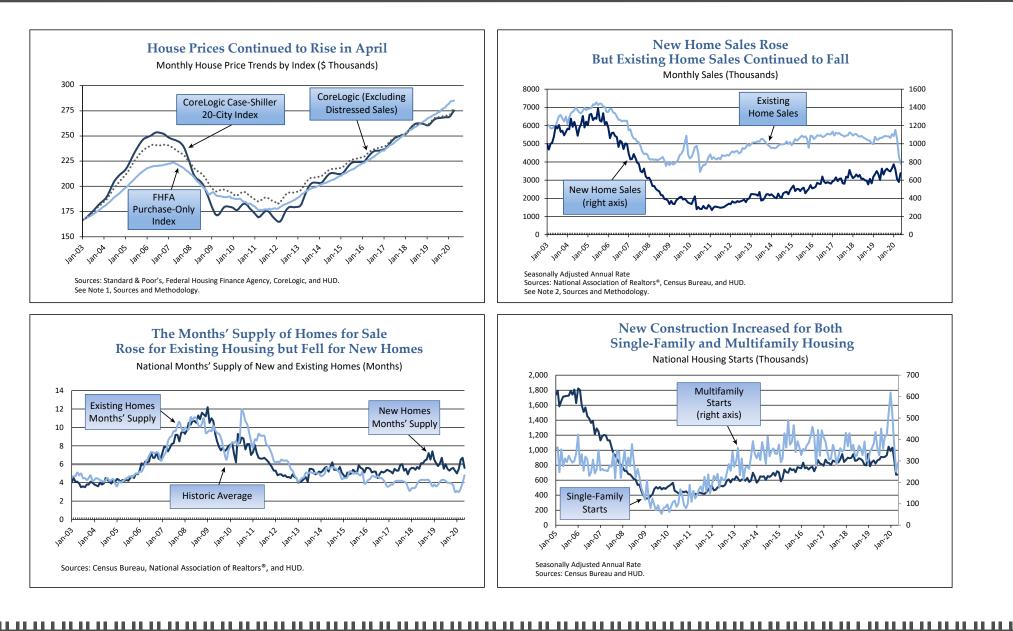
Home Price Index, posted a 0.9 percent increase in home values in April and year-over-year returns of 4.0 percent, up slightly from an annual gain of 3.9 percent for March. The home price data are based on real estate closings during April and thus reflect the adverse effects on economic activity of the COVID-19 social distancing measures introduced in mid-to-late March. (The FHFA and CoreLogic Case-Shiller<sup>®</sup> price indices are released with a 2-month lag.)

- The inventory of homes on the market fell for new homes but increased for existing homes. The listed inventory of new homes for sale, at 318,000 units at the end of May, dropped 2.2 percent from April and was down 5.4 percent year-over-year. That inventory would support 5.6 months of sales at the current sales pace, down from 6.7 months in April. Available existing homes for sale, at 1.55 million units in May, were up 6.2 percent from the previous month but down 18.8 percent year-over-year. The listed inventory represents a 4.8-month supply, up from 4.0 percent in April. A shortage of homes for sale—especially at the lower end of the market—has been a constraint on sales for several years.
- Gains in homeowners' equity continued at a moderate pace in the first quarter of 2020. Homeowners' equity (total property value less mortgage debt outstanding) was up \$327 billion (1.7 percent) in the first quarter from a gain of \$252 billion the previous quarter, for a total of nearly \$19.7 trillion. The gain over the last four quarters was more than \$1.0 billion, an increase of 5.5 percent. Owners' equity reached a peak of \$14.4 trillion in the last quarter of 2005 during the housing bubble. Home-price growth is the primary driver of gains in equity. (Source: Federal Reserve)
- The number of underwater borrowers continued to decline. As of the first quarter of 2020, CoreLogic estimated that the number of underwater borrowers decreased by 59,000 homeowners to 1.8 million, or 3.4 percent of residential properties with a mortgage. One year ago, 2.2 million homeowners (4.1 percent) were reported in negative equity. (Source: CoreLogic)
- Forbearance on mortgage loans was stable. The MBA Weekly Forbearance and Call Volume Survey shows the share of mortgage loans in forbearance decreased slightly from 8.48 percent the week ending June 14 to 8.47 percent the week ending June 20. In comparison, only 0.25 percent of all home loans were in forbearance the week ending March 8, 2020.
- Mortgage rates reach a new all-time low for the fourth time in the last four months. The 30-year fixed rate mortgage (FRM) reached an average weekly record low in June of 3.13 percent the week ending June 18, down from the previous record low of 3.15 percent the week ending May 28. Prior to March 2020, the record low for the 30-year FRM was 3.31 percent the week ending November 21, 2012, during the recovery from the Great Recession. One year ago, the 30-year FRM was 3.84 percent. (Source: Freddie Mac)

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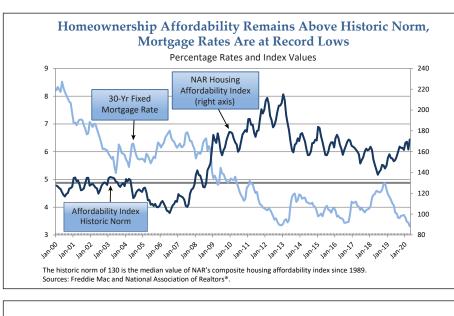


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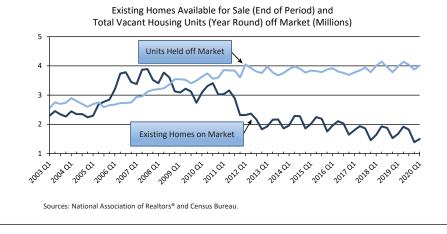
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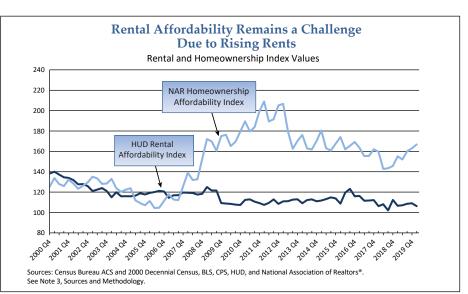


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### Supply of Existing Homes Rose in the First Quarter, Number of Units Held off the Market Remains High





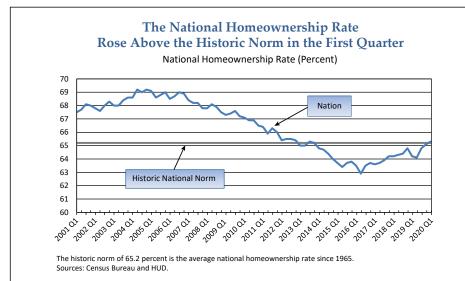


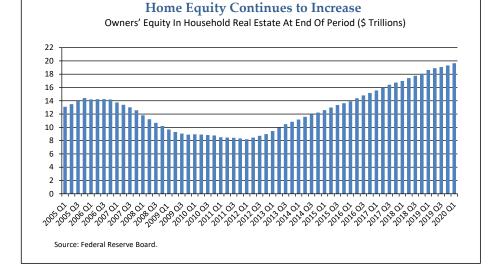
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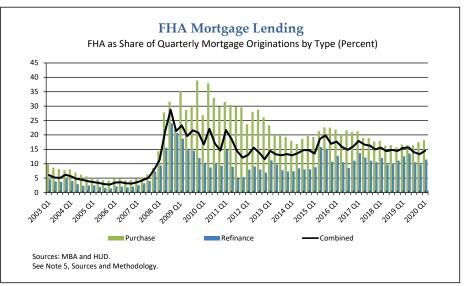
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| HOUSING MARKET FACT SHEET                        |             |             |           |                |  |  |  |
|--|-------------|-------------|-----------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Indicator  | This Period | Last Period | Year Ago  | Latest Release |  |  |  |
| Mortgage Rates (30-Yr FRM, percent)              | 3.13        | 3.13        | 3.73      | 25-Jun-20      |  |  |  |
| Homeownership Affordability (index)              | 171.7       | 162.1       | 153.6     | April-20       |  |  |  |
| Rental Affordability (index)                     | 106.2       | 109.1 (r)   | 106.6     | 1st Q 20       |  |  |  |
| Home Prices (indices)                            |             |             |           |                |  |  |  |
| CoreLogic Case-Shiller (NSA)                     | 224.1       | 222.2       | 215.5     | April-20       |  |  |  |
| FHFA (SA)  | 288.3       | 287.7 (r)   | 273.2     | April-20       |  |  |  |
| CoreLogic - Excluding Distressed Sales (NSA)     | 215.0 (s)   | 212.4 (s,r) | 205.1 (s) | April-20       |  |  |  |
| Home Sales                                       |             |             |           |                |  |  |  |
| New (thousands, SAAR)                            | 676         | 580 (r)     | 600       | May-20         |  |  |  |
| Existing (thousands, SAAR)                       | 3,910       | 4,330       | 5,330     | May-20         |  |  |  |
| First-Time Buyers (thousands, SAAR)              | 1,513 (s)   | 1,620 (s,r) | 1,957 (s) | May-20         |  |  |  |
| Distressed Sales (percent, NSA)                  | 3           | 3           | 4         | April-20       |  |  |  |
| Housing Supply                                   |             |             |           |                |  |  |  |
| New Homes for Sale (thousands, SA)               | 318         | 325         | 336       | May-20         |  |  |  |
| New Homes for Sale - Months' Supply (months, SA) | 5.6         | 6.7 (r)     | 6.7       | May-20         |  |  |  |
| Existing Homes for Sale (thousands, NSA)         | 1,550       | 1,460 (r)   | 1,910     | May-20         |  |  |  |
| Existing Homes - Months' Supply (months)         | 4.8         | 4.0         | 4.3       | May-20         |  |  |  |
| Vacant Units Held Off Market (thousands)         | 4,015       | 3,874       | 3,977     | ,<br>1st Q 20  |  |  |  |
| Housing Starts                                   | ,           | - / -       | - / -     |                |  |  |  |
| Total (thousands, SAAR)                          | 974         | 934 (r)     | 1,268     | May-20         |  |  |  |
| Single-Family (thousands, SAAR)                  | 675         | 674 (r)     | 821       | May-20         |  |  |  |
| Multifamily (thousands, SAAR)                    | 291         | 249 (r)     | 435       | May-20         |  |  |  |
| Mortgage Originations (thousands)                |             |             |           |                |  |  |  |
| Purchase Originations                            | 870.6       | 1,137.6     | 850.7     | 1st Q 20       |  |  |  |
| Refinance Originations                           | 1,038.8     | 1,317.8     | 363.6     | 1st Q 20       |  |  |  |
| FHA Mortgage Originations (thousands)            | _,          | _/ / _      |           |                |  |  |  |
| Refinance Originations                           | 48.0 (p)    | 42.0 (r)    | 22.8      | April-20       |  |  |  |
| Purchase Originations                            | 63.0 (p)    | 66.7 (r)    | 69.4      | April-20       |  |  |  |
| Purchases by First-Time Buyers                   | 51.4 (p)    | 52.8 (r)    | 58.3      | April-20       |  |  |  |
| Mortgage Loans in Forbearance (percent)          | 8.47        | 8.48        | NA        | 20-Jun-20      |  |  |  |
| Mortgage Delinquency Rates (percent)             |             |             |           |                |  |  |  |
| Prime  | 5.9 (s)     | 4.6 (s)     | 1.9       | May-20         |  |  |  |
| Subprime   | 22.1 (s)    | 21.3 (s)    | 20.0      | May-20         |  |  |  |
| FHA  | 16.4        | 14.5        | 7.8       | May-20         |  |  |  |
| Seriously Delinquent Mortgages (thousands)       |             |             |           |                |  |  |  |
| Prime  | 298 (s)     | 202 (s)     | 216       | May-20         |  |  |  |
| Subprime   | 42 (s)      | 41 (s)      | 91        | May-20         |  |  |  |
| FHA  | 398         | 328         | 298       | May-20         |  |  |  |
| Change in Aggregate Home Equity (\$ billions)    | 326.7       | 252.3 (r)   | 572.4     | 1st Q 20       |  |  |  |
| Underwater Borrowers (thousands)                 | 1,841       | 1,900 (r)   | 2,192     | 1st Q 20       |  |  |  |
| National Homeownership Rate (percent)            | 65.3        | 65.1        | 64.2      | 1st Q 20       |  |  |  |
| Foreclosure Actions (thousands)                  |             |             |           |                |  |  |  |
| Foreclosure Starts                               | 4.4         | 8.6         | 30.6      | May-20         |  |  |  |
| Foreclosure Completions                          | 2.8         | 2.6         | 10.6      | May-20         |  |  |  |
| Short Sales                                      | 1.2 (p)     | 2.1         | 3.4       | April-20       |  |  |  |
| REO Sales  | 4.3 (p)     | 8.3 (r)     | 17.5      | April-20       |  |  |  |

SA = seasonally adjusted, NSA = not SA, p = preliminary, r = revised, b = brackets include units in process, s = see Additional Notes in Sources and Methodology.



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## SOURCES AND METHODOLOGY

| A. Items in Table                               |           |                                      |  |  |  |
|---|-----------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Description                                     | Frequency | Sources                              | Notes on Methodology   |  |  |
| Mortgage Rates (30-Yr FRM)                      | Weekly    | Freddie Mac                          | Primary Mortgage Market Survey, as reported for 30-Year fixed rate mortgages (FRM).  |  |  |
| Homeownership Affordability                     | Monthly   | National Association of Realtors®    | NAR's Housing Affordability Index as reported. A value of 100 means that a family with the median income has exactly enough income to qualify for a mortgage on a median-priced home. An index above 100 signifies that a family earning the median income has more than enough income to qualify.   |  |  |
| Rental Affordability                            | Quarterly | HUD                                  | HUD's Rental Affordability Index measures whether a typical renter household has enough income to<br>qualify for a lease on a typical rental home at the national level based on the most recent price and<br>income data. A typical renter household is one that earns median income and a typical rental home is<br>a median-priced rental unit. It is assumed that a renter household can qualify for a lease if the annual<br>rent is not greater than 30 percent of the renter household's annual income. A value of 100 means the<br>a renter household with median income has exactly enough income to qualify for a lease on a media<br>priced rental home. An index value above 100 signifies that a household earning the median income<br>of renter households has more than enough income to qualify. For more information on HUD's renta<br>affordability index and methodology, see the Second Quarter 2016 issue of HUD's National Housing<br>Market Summary on their U.S. Housing Market Conditions website: <a href="http://www.huduser.gov/portal/ushmc/home.html">http://www.huduser.gov/portal/ushmc/home.html</a> .   |  |  |
| Home Prices                                     |           |                                      |  |  |  |
| CoreLogic-Case-Shiller (NSA)                    | Monthly   | Standard and Poor's                  | Case-Shiller 20-metro composite index, January 2000 = 100. Standard and Poor's recommends use of non-seasonally adjusted (NSA) index when making monthly comparisons.  |  |  |
| FHFA (SA)                                       | Monthly   | Federal Housing Finance Agency       | FHFA monthly (purchase-only) index for U.S., January 1991 = 100.   |  |  |
| CoreLogic - Excluding<br>Distressed Sales (NSA) | Monthly   | CoreLogic                            | CoreLogic national combined index, distressed sales excluded, January 2000 = 100. (Only available as NSA). Also see additional note in Section C below on the CoreLogic HPI.   |  |  |
| Home Sales (SAAR)                               |           |                                      |  |  |  |
| New   | Monthly   | HUD and Census Bureau                | Seasonally adjusted annual rates. A newly constructed house is considered sold when either a sales contract has been signed or a deposit accepted, even if this occurs before construction has actually started and the sales actually started and the sales actually started accepted acc |  |  |
| Existing  | Monthly   | National Association of Realtors®    | Seasonally adjusted annual rates. Existing-home sales—which include single-family, townhomes, condominiums and co-ops—are based on transaction closings. This differs from the U.S. Census Bureau's series on new single-family home sales, which are based on contracts or the acceptance of a deposit.   |  |  |
| First-Time Buyers                               | Monthly   | NAR, Census Bureau, and HUD          | Sum of seasonally adjusted new and existing home sales (above) multiplied by National Association of Realtors <sup>®</sup> annual estimate of first-time buyer share of existing home sales.   |  |  |
| Distressed Sales (NSA)                          | Monthly   | CoreLogic                            | Short sales and REO (Real Estate Owned) sales as a percentage of total existing home sales (current mont subject to revision).   |  |  |
| Housing Starts                                  |           |                                      |  |  |  |
| Total (SAAR)                                    | Monthly   | HUD and Census Bureau                | Housing starts are divided into three components: single-family, multifamily, and two-to-four unit structure<br>Start of construction occurs when excavation begins for the footings or foundation of a building. As of<br>September 1992, housing starts include units being totally rebuilt on an existing foundation.   |  |  |
| Single-Family (SAAR)                            | Monthly   | HUD and Census Bureau                | Single-family housing includes fully detached, semi-detached (semi-attached, side-by-side), townhouses an row houses. For attached units, each must be separated from the adjacent unit by a ground-to-roof firewal to be classified as a single-family structure. Also, these units must not share common facilities (i.e., heating air-conditioning systems, plumbing, attic, or basement). Units built one on top of another and those built side-by-side that do not have a ground-to-roof firewall or have common facilities are not considered single-family units.  |  |  |
| Multifamily (SAAR)                              | Monthly   | HUD and Census Bureau                | Multifamily housing has five or more units in a structure.   |  |  |
| Housing Supply                                  |           |                                      |  |  |  |
| New Homes for Sale (SA)                         | Monthly   | HUD and Census Bureau                | As reported.   |  |  |
| New Homes for Sale -<br>Months' Supply (SA)     | Monthly   | HUD and Census Bureau                | As reported.   |  |  |
| Existing Homes for Sale (NSA)                   | Monthly   | National Association of Realtors®    | As reported.   |  |  |
| Existing Homes -<br>Months' Supply              | Monthly   | National Association of Realtors®    | As reported.   |  |  |
| Vacant Units Held Off Market                    | Quarterly | Census Bureau                        | As reported in Census CPS/HPS Table 4. Estimates of Housing Inventory, line item "Year-round vacant,<br>held off market for reasons other than occasional use or usually reside elsewhere." Vacant units can be<br>held off the market for a variety of reasons.   |  |  |
| Mortgage Originations                           |           |                                      |  |  |  |
| Refinance Originations                          | Quarterly | Mortgage Bankers Association and HUD | HUD estimate of refinance originations based on MBA estimate of dollar volume of refinance originations  |  |  |
| Purchase Originations                           | Quarterly | Mortgage Bankers Association and HUD | HUD estimate of home purchase originations based on MBA estimate of dollar volume of home purchase originations.   |  |  |





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#### SOURCES AND METHODOLOGY

| A. Items in Table (con              | tinued)   |   |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|---|--|--|
| FHA Originations                    |           |   |  |  |
| Refinance Originations              | Monthly   | HUD   | FHA originations reported as of date of loan closing. Estimate for current month scaled upward due to  |  |
| Purchase Originations               | Monthly   | HUD   | normal reporting lag and shown as preliminary.   |  |
| Purchases by First-Time<br>Buyers   | Monthly   | HUD   |  |  |
| Mortgage Loans in<br>Forbearance    | Weekly    | Mortgage Bankers Association                  | Weekly Forbearance and Call Volume Survey, as reported for total number of loans in forbearance as a percent of number of servicing portfolio loans. Data is based on 38.3 million loans, or nearly 77 percent of the first mortgage servicing market. |  |
| Mortgage Delinquency<br>Rates (NSA) |           |   |  |  |
| Prime                               | Monthly   | Black Knight Financial Services               | Total conventional mortgages past due (30+ days) but not in foreclosure, divided by conventional<br>mortgages actively serviced.   |  |
| Subprime                            | Monthly   | Black Knight Financial Services               | Total conventional mortgages past due (30+ days) but not in foreclosure, divided by conventional<br>mortgages actively serviced.   |  |
| FHA                                 | Monthly   | HUD   | Total FHA mortgages past due (30+ days) but not in foreclosure, divided by FHA's insurance in force.   |  |
| Seriously Delinquent Mortgages      |           |   |  |  |
| Prime                               | Monthly   | LPS Applied Analytics, MBA, and HUD           | Conventional mortgages 90+ days delinquent or in foreclosure, scaled up to market.   |  |
| Subprime                            | Monthly   | LPS Applied Analytics, MBA, and HUD           | Conventional mortgages 90+ days delinquent or in foreclosure, scaled up to market.   |  |
| FHA                                 | Monthly   | HUD   | Mortgages 90+ days delinquent or in foreclosure.   |  |
| Change in Aggregate<br>Home Equity  | Quarterly | Federal Reserve Board                         | Difference in aggregate household owners' equity in real estate as reported in the Federal Reserve<br>Board's Flow of Funds Accounts of the United States for stated time period.  |  |
| Underwater Borrowers                | Quarterly | CoreLogic                                     | As reported.   |  |
| National Homeownership Rate         | Quarterly | Census Bureau                                 | Homeownership in the U.S. as a percentage of all households.   |  |
| Foreclosure Actions                 |           |   |  |  |
| Foreclosure Starts                  | Monthly   | ATTOM Data Solutions<br>(Formerly RealtyTrac) | Foreclosure starts are reported counts of notice of default or scheduled foreclosure auction, depending<br>on which action starts the foreclosure process in a state.  |  |
| Foreclosure Completions             | Monthly   | ATTOM Data Solutions                          | Real Estate Owned (REO).   |  |
| Short sales                         | Monthly   | CoreLogic                                     | Count of Short Sales for the month as reported (current month subject to revision).  |  |
| REO Sales                           | Monthly   | CoreLogic                                     | Count of REO (Real Estate Owned) Sales for the month as reported (current month subject to revision).  |  |
| B Notes on Charts                   |           |   |  |  |

#### **B. Notes on Charts**

1. Monthly house price trends, shown as changes in respective house price indices applied to a common base price set equal to the median price of an existing home sold in January 2003, as reported by the National Association of Realtors<sup>®</sup>. Indices shown: S&P/CoreLogic Case-Shiller 20-metro composite index (NSA), January 2000 = 100, FHFA monthly (purchase-only) index for U.S. (SA), January 1991 = 100, and CoreLogic-Distressed Sales Excluded (Monthly) for U.S. (NSA), January 2000 = 100. Also see additional note below in Section C on the CoreLogic HPI.

2. Reported seasonally adjusted annual rates for new and existing home sales.

3. A comparison of the affordability of renting a home to purchasing a home, added as of the September 2016 release. HUD's Quarterly Rental Affordability Index is compared to NAR's Composite Quarterly Affordability Index. See note above on Rental Affordability.

- 4. Filings of a notice of default or scheduled foreclosure auction, depending on which action starts the foreclosure process in a state, are reported for foreclosure starts. Foreclosure completions are properties entering REO. Both as reported by ATTOM Data Solutions (formerly RealtyTrac).
- 5. FHA market shares are FHA purchase and refinance originations divided by HUD estimates of purchase and refinance mortgage originations, as noted in "Mortgage Originations" above. See additional note below on FHA market share.

#### **C. Additional Notes**

Beginning in May 2019, NAR replaced its Composite Housing Affordability Index (HAI), which was based on the 30-year fixed rate mortgage and adjustable rate mortgages (ARM), with a Fixed HAI based only on the 30-year fixed rate mortgage.

Black Knight enhanced their database as of December 2017 data, increasing their database coverage by nearly 1 million additional loans through several new contributors and improved coverage of certain types of data. In addition, HUD added filters to make sure all FHA and VA loans were excluded from the data to ensure reporting of only conventional loans. The November 2017 changes in reported data are mainly due to the additional filters.

FHA Market Share data were updated in the June 2017 report based on the most recent HMDA data and revised house price estimates. FHA market share estimates were based on new methodology beginning with the October 2013 report; estimates were revised back through Q1 2011. See the FHA Market Share report on their website for an explanation of the new methodology: <a href="http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program\_offices/housing/rmra/oe/rpts/fhamktsh/fhamktqtrly">http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program\_offices/housing/rmra/oe/rpts/fhamktsh/fhamktqtrly</a>.

The estimate for first-time buyers was 33 percent for 2019, based on the 2019 NAR annual survey of homebuyers released in October 2019. The estimate was the same as their estimate for 2018 with the October 2018 release of the NAR Profile of Home Buyers and Sellers 2018 report. The annual reporting of first-time buyers differs from NAR's monthly Realtors Confidence Index survey because the annual survey, for the most part, represents purchases of homes by owner-occupants and does not include purchases by investors, as in the monthly survey.

CoreLogic's House Price Index (HPI) estimates are based on new methodology beginning with their June 2016 report, which includes data through April 2016. A variety of modeling and other enhancements to their HPI and its forecast, including a 14-percent expansion in the number of transaction pairs, were made.